#### Reference Type

Journal Article

# Record Number

14

Author Kim, Heejoon Minami, Wataru Li, Tianji Year 2006 <u>Title</u> Combustion Characteristics and Pollutant Control by Eco-fuel from Polyurethane Foam <u>Journal</u> Energy & Fuels <u>Volume</u> 20 <u>Issue</u> 2

#### Pages

575-578 Start Page

Epub Date

<u>Date</u>

Type of Article

Short Title

Alternate Journal

<u>ISSN</u>

DOI doi:10.1021/ef050186t Original Publication

**Reprint Edition** 

**Reviewed Item** 

Legal Note

**Accession Number** 

### Call Number

### <u>Label</u>

### <u>Keywords</u>

# Abstract

Around the world, thousands of tons of polyurethane (PU) foam waste accumulate in municipal dumps from sources such as car disposal industries. Due to its low density and high volume, polyurethane foam waste is difficult to treat and dispose of in landfill. In this study, we developed a novel and environmentally friendly disposal method for PU waste by mixing it with coal to produce a new composite fuel called Eco-fuel. Eco-fuel is made by briquetting a mixture of PU with coal (10:90 by weight) under high pressure. The combustion characteristics and emission gases of Eco-fuel were compared with those of biobriquette (a 20:80, by weight, briquette of biomass and coal). The combustion characteristics of Eco-fuel briquette fuel were improved with the addition of PU foam. Although PU has a higher nitrogen content (6 wt %) compared to biomass (1.4 wt %) and coal (1 wt %), the emission of NOx from the combustion of Eco-fuel did not increase. We discovered that the combustion of PU results in the conversion of nitrogen to NH3, and then NH3 reacts with NOx to neutralize to N2. **Notes** 

#### **Research Notes**

<u>URL</u> http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/ef050186t <u>File Attachments</u>

# Author Address

**Figure** 

<u>Caption</u>

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<u>Language</u>